TU-RNA BIOTINYLATION

• REAGENTS:

RNAse free 10x Biotinylation Buffer (BB)

100 mM Tris pH 7.4

10 mM EDTA

- => store in aliquots of 1-1.5 ml at 4° C
- **Biotin-HPDP** (Pierce, 50mg EZ-Link Biotin-HPDP, Cat. Nr. 21341)
- Stock concentration: 1 mg/ml dissolved in Dimethylformamide (DMF) store aliquots of 50 μl, -20 °C

PROTOCOL:

Labeling Reaction (use 30 – 100 µg total RNA):

- · 2 μl Biotin-HPDP (1mg / ml DMF) per 1 μg RNA
- 1 μl 10x Biotinylation Buffer per 1 μg RNA
- 7 μl RNAse free H2O per 1 μg RNA
- Incubate at room temperature for 1.5 h with rotation.
- Add an equal volume of Chloroform/Isoamylacohol (24:1).
- Mix vigorously. Incubate for 2 3 minutes until phases begin to separate and bubbles start to disappear.
- Centrifuge at full speed (20,000 g) for 5 min, room temp.
- Carefully transfer upper phase into new tubes.
- Repeat step using Phase-Lock gel tubes. To further reduce RNA loss we perform the second chloroform extraction using Phase Lock Gel Heavy tubes (2.0 ml, Eppendorf) following the manufacturer's instructions.
- In principle, a single chloroform extraction step is enough to remove virtually all unincorporated Biotin-HPDP. Still, we perform two rounds to ensure complete removal. Usually we only use the phase-lock tubes for the second round as 1 ml biotinylation volume is too much for these tubes. After the initial chloroform extraction only about 80% of the volume remains as the DMF is also removed.

• RNA precipitation:

Add 1/10 the reaction volume of 5 M NaCl

- Add an equal volume of isopropanol and centrifuge at 20,000 g for 20 min 4°C
- Remove supernatant.
- Add an equal volume of 75% ethanol
- Centrifuge at 20,000 g for 10 min.
- Resuspend RNA in 1.0 μl RNAse-free H2O per mg starting RNA

Comments:

The chloroform extraction is required to remove unincorporated biotin-HPDP. To reduce the loss due to the extraction procedure the initial volume should be at least 500 μ l. Smaller volumes should be increased by the addition of 1x TE.